

SUMMARY

Summaries are made up of certain disclosure requirements known as ‘Elements’. These Elements are set out and numbered in Sections A – E (A.1 – E.7).

This summary (the "**Summary**") contains all the Elements required to be included in a summary for this type of Notes and Issuer. Because some Elements are not required to be addressed, there may be gaps in the numbering sequence of the Elements.

Even though an Element may be required to be inserted in the Summary because of the type of securities and Issuer, it is possible that no relevant information can be given regarding the Element. In this case a short description of the Element is included in the Summary with the mention of ‘not applicable’.

Section A – Introduction and warnings

Element		
A.1	Warnings	<p>Warning:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This Summary should be read as an introduction to this prospectus (the "Prospectus"). • Any decision to invest in the notes issued under this Prospectus (the "Notes") should be based on consideration of the Prospectus as a whole by the investor. • Where a claim relating to the information contained in the Prospectus is brought before a court, the plaintiff investor might, under the national legislation of the Member States, have to bear the costs of translating the Prospectus, before the legal proceedings are initiated. • Civil liability attaches only to those persons who have tabled the Summary including any translation thereof, but only if the Summary is misleading, inaccurate or inconsistent when read together with the other parts of the Prospectus or it does not provide, when read together with the other parts of the Prospectus, key information in order to aid investors when considering whether to invest in the Notes.
A.2	Consent to use the Prospectus	<p>The Issuer consents to the use of the Prospectus in connection with a Non-exempt Offer of the Raiffeisen Bank International Chinese Renminbi 4.00 per cent Fixed Rate Notes 2017-2020 / Series 129, Tranche 1 in Austria, the Czech Republic, Slovakia, Poland and Hungary by each regulated credit institution in the EU, which is authorised under the Directive 2004/39/EC on Markets in Financial Instruments (the "MiFID") to subsequently resell or finally place Notes, in each case as specified in the respective Final Terms or on the Issuer’s website www.rbinternational.com under "<i>Investors</i>" (together the "Specifically Authorised Offeror(s)"), then being exclusively entitled to use the Prospectus for the subsequent resale or final placement of the respective Notes during the period starting from 22 September 2017 (including) until either (i) the invalidity/non-applicability of the Base Prospectus as of 13 October 2017 or (ii) in case the offer shall continue beyond the validity of the Base Prospectus till the invalidity/non-applicability of any succeeding base prospectus or (iii) the termination of the offer by the Issuer or (iv) as of 13 October 2018 at the latest, subject to the specified limitations in the Final Terms, provided however, that the Prospectus is still valid in accordance with Article 11 of the Luxembourg act relating to prospectuses for securities (<i>Loi relative aux prospectus pour valeurs mobilières</i>) which implements Directive 2003/71/EC of the European Parliament and of the</p>

		<p>Council of 4 November, 2003 as amended.</p> <p>The Prospectus may only be delivered to potential investors together with all supplements published before such delivery. Any supplement to the Prospectus is available for viewing in electronic form on the website of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange (www.bourse.lu) and on the website of Issuer www.rbinternational.com under Investors.</p> <p>When using the Prospectus, each Specifically Authorised Offeror must make certain that it complies with all applicable laws and regulations in force in the respective jurisdictions.</p> <p>In the event of an offer being made by a Specifically Authorised Offeror, the respective Specifically Authorised Offeror shall provide information to investors on the terms and conditions of the offer at the time of that offer.</p> <p>The Issuer may give consent to additional institutions after the date of the Final Terms of the Notes and, if the Issuer does so, the above information in relation to them will be published on the website of the Issuer www.rbinternational.com under "<i>Investors</i>".</p> <p>This consent to use the Prospectus is subject to the following conditions: Consent to use the Prospectus in connection with a Non-exempt Offer is granted as follows:</p> <p>As specified in the Final Terms, consent to use the Prospectus in connection with a Non-exempt Offer in Austria is granted to the Specifically Authorised Offerors as listed in the Annex to these Final Terms and/or as published or restricted on the website of the Issuer under http://investor.rbinternational.com under "Information for Debt Investors" and "Use of Prospectus".</p> <p>The Issuer reserves the right to terminate the offer prematurely.</p>
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Section B – Raiffeisen Bank International AG as Issuer

Element		
B.1	Legal and commercial name of the issuer	The Issuer's legal name is Raiffeisen Bank International AG (" RBI " or the " Issuer ") and its commercial name is Raiffeisen Bank International or RBI.
B.2	Domicile and legal form of the issuer, legislation under which the issuer operates and its country of incorporation	RBI is a stock corporation (<i>Aktiengesellschaft</i>) incorporated and operating under the laws of the Republic of Austria and domiciled in Vienna.
B.4b	Any known trends affecting the issuer and its industries in which it operates	<p>The Issuer together with its fully consolidated subsidiaries ("RBI Group") has identified the following trends, uncertainties, demands, commitments or events that are reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on its prospects for at least the current financial year:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Continuing increase in governmental and regulatory requirements.</u> Under the EU's Single Supervisory Mechanism ("SSM"), the European Central Bank ("ECB") is given specific tasks related to financial stability and banking supervision, among others empowering the ECB to directly supervise significant banks including RBI. The ECB is inter alia empowered to require significant credit institutions to comply with additional individual own funds and liquidity adequacy requirements in particular as part of the Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP) (which may exceed regular regulatory requirements) or take early correction measures to address potential problems. The new supervisory regime and the SSM's supervisory new procedures and practices are not yet fully established and/or disclosed and it is expected that these will be subject to constant scrutiny, change and development. A further pillar of the EU Banking Union is the Single Resolution Mechanism ("SRM") which is meant to establish a uniform procedure for the resolution of credit institutions that are subject to the EU banking supervisory mechanism SSM. As a result of a resolution measure under the SRM, a creditor of RBI may already be exposed to the risk of losing part or all of the invested capital prior to the occurrence of insolvency or a liquidation of RBI. These developments may result in negative consequences and charges for RBI Group and could have a material adverse effect on RBI Group's prospects. Furthermore, full implementation of the capital and liquidity requirements introduced by Basel III, as well as any stress tests that the ECB may conduct in its capacity as the European banking supervisor, could lead to even more stringent requirements being imposed on RBI and the RBI Group with regard to capital adequacy and liquidity planning and this in turn may restrict RBI's margin and potential for growth. The implementation of multifaceted regulatory requirements will also put pressure on RBI in the years to come. • <u>General trends regarding the financial industry.</u> The trends and uncertainties affecting the financial sector in general and consequently also RBI Group continue to include the macroeconomic environment. The general economic situation in the euro zone continues to remain cautious. Political and economic uncertainties are suppressing economic activity. The financial sector as a whole, but in particular also RBI Group, is affected not only by the weak growth in the real economy but also by the related instability of and increased volatility on the financial markets. RBI Group will not be able to escape the effects of corporate

		<p>insolvencies, deteriorations in the creditworthiness of borrowers and valuation uncertainties due to the volatile securities market. Likewise, the extraordinarily low interest rate level could affect the behaviour of investors and clients alike, which may lead to weaker provisioning and/or pressure on the interest rate spread. In 2016 and 2017, RBI Group therefore faces a difficult economic environment once again.</p> <p>Please see also Element B.12 below.</p>			
B.5	Description of the group and the issuer's position within the group	<p>RBI is the ultimate parent company of RBI Group and pursuant to § 30 Austrian Banking Act (Bankwesengesetz – “BWG”) also the superordinated credit institution (übergeordnetes Kreditinstitut) of the RBI credit institution group (Kreditinstitutgruppe), which comprises all credit institutions, financial institutions, securities companies and enterprises offering banking related support services in which RBI holds an indirect or direct majority interest or exerts a controlling influence. The BWG requires RBI in its function as superordinated credit institution for the RBI credit institution group to control among other things risk management, accounting and control processes as well as the risk strategy for the entire RBI Group.</p> <p>Following the merger with its former parent company Raiffeisen Zentralbank Österreich Aktiengesellschaft (“RZB”) in March 2017 (the “Merger 2017”), RBI became the central institution of the Raiffeisen Landesbanken and therefore holder of the liquidity reserve (according to BWG, in particular § 27a BWG) and acts as central liquidity clearing unit of the Raiffeisen banking group Austria. The Raiffeisen Landesbanken, which jointly own the majority of RBI's shares and, operate mainly at a regional level, render central services for the Raiffeisen banks within their region and also operate as universal credit institutions. The Raiffeisen Landesbanken are not part of RBI Group.</p>			
B.9	Profit forecasts or estimates	Not applicable; no profit forecast or profit estimate is made.			
B.10	Qualifications in the audit report on the historical financial information	<p>Not applicable. KPMG Austria GmbH Wirtschaftsprüfungs- und Steuerberatungsgesellschaft (“KPMG”) has audited RBI's German language consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 and has issued unqualified auditor's reports (Bestätigungsvermerk) for these consolidated financial statements. KPMG has also reviewed RBI's German language interim consolidated financial statements for the first half year 2016 ending 30 June 2016. There was no qualification in KPMG's report on the review.</p> <p>KPMG has audited RBI's German language consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2016 and has issued an unqualified auditor's report (Bestätigungsvermerk) for these consolidated financial statements.</p>			
B.12	Selected historical key information regarding the issuer, for each financial year and any subsequent interim financial period (accompanied by compa-		1-12/2015 (audited)	1-12/2014* (audited)	
		Income Statement in EUR million			
		Net interest income	3,327	3,789	
		Net provisioning for impairment losses.....	(1,264)	(1,750) *	
		Net interest income after provisioning	2,063	2,039 *	
		Net fee and commission income.....	1,519	1,586*	
		Net trading income.....	16	(30)*	
		General administrative expenses	(2,914)	(3,024)*	
		Net income from derivatives and liabilities.....	(4)	88*	
		Net income from financial investments.....	68	62*	

rative data)	Profit/loss before tax	711	(105) *	
	Profit/loss after tax	435	(587) *	
	Consolidated profit/loss.....	379	(617) *	
	Balance Sheet in EUR million			
		31/12/2015	31/12/2014*	
		(audited)	(audited)	
	Equity	8,501	8,178 *	
	Total assets.....	114,427	121,500 *	
	Selected Key ratios			
	NPL ratio ⁽¹⁾	11.9 per cent	11.4 per cent *	
	NPL coverage ratio ⁽¹⁾	71.3 per cent	67.5 per cent *	
	Bank Specific Information			
		31/12/2015	31/12/2014	
		(audited)	*	
	Common equity tier 1 ratio (transitional)	12.1 per cent	10.8 per cent *	
	Common equity tier 1 ratio (fully loaded)	11.5 per cent	10.0 per cent *	
	Total capital ratio (transitional).....	17.4 per cent	16.0 per cent *	
	Total capital ratio (fully loaded)	16.8 per cent	15.1 per cent *	
	Performance			
		1-12/2015	1-12/2014*	
		(audited)	(audited)	
	Net interest margin (average interest-bearing assets) ⁽²⁾	3.00 per cent	3.24 per cent *	
	Return on equity before tax ⁽³⁾	8.5 per cent	..*	
	Cost/income ratio ⁽⁴⁾	59.1 per cent	56.5 per cent	
	Earnings per share in EUR	1.30	(2.17) *	
Resources				
	31/12/2015	31/12/2014		
	(audited)	(audited)		
Employees	51,492	54,730		
Business outlets	2,705	2,866		
<p>This overview includes the following Alternative Performance Measures ("APM"):</p> <p>(1) NPL ratio and NPL coverage ratio "Total non-banks"; NPL ratio: Non-performing loans in relation to total loans and advances to customers; NPL coverage ratio: impairment losses on loans and advances to customers in relation to non-performing loans to customers.</p> <p>(2) Net interest margin (average interest-bearing assets): Net interest income in relation to average interest-bearing assets.</p> <p>(3) Return on the total equity including non-controlling interests, i.e. profit after tax in relation to average equity on the statement of financial position. Average equity is calculated on month-end figures including non-controlling interests and does not include current year profit.</p> <p>(4) General administrative expenses in relation to operating income (less bank levies, impairments of goodwill, releases of negative goodwill and any non-recurring effects reported under sundry operating expenses).</p> <p>* Figures restated in accordance with IAS 8.41</p> <p>Source: Full year results 2015.</p>				

Income Statement in EUR million	1-6/2016 (reviewed)	1-6/2015* (reviewed)
Net interest income	1,455	1,681
Net provisioning for impairment losses.....	(403)	(604)
Net interest income after provisioning	1,052	1,077
Net fee and commission income	719	745
Net trading income.....	84	2
Net income from derivatives and liabilities.....	(62)	(10)
Net income from financial investments.....	171	61
General administrative expenses	(1,412)	(1,388)
Profit/loss before tax	450	455
Profit/loss after tax.....	268	314
Consolidated profit/loss	210	276

Balance Sheet in EUR million	30/6/2016 (reviewed)	31/12/2015* (audited)
Equity	8,725	8,501
Total assets	113,969	114,427
Selected Key Ratios		
NPL ratio ⁽¹⁾	10.4 per cent	11.9 per cent
NPL coverage ratio ⁽¹⁾	72.1 per cent	71.3 per cent

Bank Specific Information	30/6/2016 (reviewed)	31/12/2015* (audited)
Common equity tier 1 ratio (transitional)	12.5 per cent	12.1 per cent
Common equity tier 1 ratio (fully loaded)	12.2 per cent	11.5 per cent
Total capital ratio (transitional)	17.8 per cent	17.4 per cent
Total capital ratio (fully loaded)	17.6 per cent	16.8 per cent

Performance	1-6/2016 (reviewed)	1-6/2015* (reviewed)
Net interest margin (average interest bearing assets) ⁽²⁾	2.76 per cent	3.00 per cent
Return on equity before tax ⁽³⁾	10.6 per cent	10.9 per cent
Cost/income ratio ⁽⁴⁾	61.8 per cent	56.8 per cent
Earnings per share in EUR	EUR 0.72	EUR 0.94

Resources	30/6/2016 (reviewed)	31/12/2015 (audited)
Employees (full-time equivalents)	50,922	51,492
Business outlets.....	2,641	2,705

This overview includes the following Alternative Performance Measures ("APM"):

(1) NPL ratio and NPL coverage ratio "Total non-banks"; NPL ratio: Non-performing loans in relation to total loans and advances to customers; NPL coverage ratio: impairment losses on loans and advances to customers in relation to non-performing loans to customers.

(2) Net interest margin (average interest-bearing assets): Net interest income in relation to average interest-bearing assets.

(3) Return on the total equity including non-controlling interests, i.e. profit after tax in relation to average equity on the statement of financial position. Average equity is calculated on month-end figures including non-controlling interests and does not include current year profit.

(4) General administrative expenses in relation to operating income (less bank levies, impairments of goodwill, releases of negative goodwill and any non-recurring effects reported under sundry operating expenses).

* Figures restated in accordance with IAS 8.41

Source: Semi-Annual Financial Report 2016 (reviewed)

Income Statement in EUR million	1-9/2016 (unaudited)	1-9/2015* (unaudited)
Net interest income	2,187	2,495
Net provisioning for impairment losses	(503)	(795)
Net interest income after provisioning	1,684	1,700
Net fee and commission income	1,097	1,129
Net trading income	136	(12)
Net income from derivatives and liabilities	(133)	11
Net income from financial investments	166	68
General administrative expenses	(2,100)	(2,101)
Profit/loss before tax	746	708
Profit/loss after tax	480	516
Consolidated profit/loss	394	461

Balance Sheet in EUR million	30/9/2016 (unaudited)	31/12/2015 (audited)
Equity	9,022	8,501
Total assets	113,838	114,427

Selected Key Ratios	30/09/2016 (unaudited)	31/12/2015 (audited)
NPL Ratio ⁽¹⁾	10.2 per cent	11.9 per cent
NPL Coverage Ratio ⁽¹⁾	72.0 per cent	71.3 per cent

Bank Specific Information	30/9/2016 (unaudited)	31/12/2015 (audited)
Common equity tier 1 ratio (transitional)	12.6 per cent	12.1 per cent
Common equity tier 1 ratio (fully loaded)	12.3 per cent	11.5 per cent
Total capital ratio (transitional)	17.8 per cent	17.4 per cent
Total capital ratio (fully loaded)	17.6 per cent	16.8 per cent

Performance		1-9/2016	1-9/2015*
		(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Net interest margin (average interest-bearing assets) ⁽²⁾		2.76 per cent	2.99 per cent
Return on equity before tax ⁽³⁾		11.7 per cent	11.4 per cent
Cost/income ratio ⁽⁴⁾		60.5 per cent	57.4 per cent
Earnings per share in EUR		1.35	1.58
Resources		30/9/2016	31/12/2015
		(unaudited)	(audited)
Employees as at reporting date (full-time equivalents)		50,526	51,492
Business outlets		2,590	2,705
<p>This overview includes the following Alternative Performance Measures ("APM"):</p> <p>(1) NPL ratio and NPL coverage ratio "Total non-banks"; NPL ratio: Non-performing loans in relation to total loans and advances to customers; NPL coverage ratio: impairment losses on loans and advances to customers in relation to non-performing loans to customers.</p> <p>(2) Net interest margin (average interest-bearing assets): Net interest income in relation to average interest-bearing assets.</p> <p>(3) Return on the total equity including non-controlling interests, i.e. profit after tax in relation to average equity on the statement of financial position. Average equity is calculated on month-end figures including non-controlling interests and does not include current year profit.</p> <p>(4) General administrative expenses in relation to operating income (less bank levies, impairments of goodwill, releases of negative goodwill and any non-recurring effects reported under sundry operating expenses).</p> <p>*) Figures restated in accordance with IAS 8.41</p> <p>Source: Third Quarter Report 2016 (Unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of RBI for the nine months ended 30 September 2016)</p>			
<p>Key information from the audited consolidated financial statements of RBI for the fiscal year 2016:</p>			
Income Statement in EUR million		1-12/2016	1-12/2015*
		(audited)	(audited)
Net interest income		2,935	3,327
Net provisioning for impairment losses		(754)	(1,264)
Net interest income after provisioning		2,181	2,063
Net fee and commission income		1,497	1,519
Net trading income		215	16
Net income from derivatives and liabilities		(189)	(4)
Net income from financial investments		153	68
General administrative expenses		(2,848)	(2,914)
Profit/loss before tax		886	711
Profit/loss after tax		574	435
Consolidated profit/loss		463	379

		Balance Sheet in EUR million	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
			(audited)	(audited)
		Equity	9,232	8,501
		Total assets	111,864	114,427
		Selected Key Ratios	31/12/2016	31/12/15
			(audited)	(audited)
		NPL Ratio ⁽¹⁾	9.2 per cent.	11.9 per cent.
		NPL Coverage Ratio ⁽¹⁾	75.6 per cent.	71.3 per cent.
		Bank Specific Information	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
			(audited)	(audited)
		Common equity tier 1 ratio (transitional)	13.9 per cent.	12.1 per cent.
		Common equity tier 1 ratio (fully loaded)	13.6 per cent.	11.5 per cent.
		Total capital ratio (transitional)	19.2 per cent.	17.4 per cent.
		Total capital ratio (fully loaded)	18.9 per cent.	16.8 per cent.
		Performance	1-12/2016	1-12/2015*
			(audited)	(audited)
		Net interest margin (average interest-bearing assets) ⁽²⁾	2.78 per cent.	3.00 per cent.
		Return on equity before tax ⁽³⁾	10.3 per cent.	8.5 per cent.
		Cost/income ratio ⁽⁴⁾	60.7 per cent.	59.1 per cent.
		Earnings per share in EUR	1.58	1.30
		Resources	31/12/2016	31/12/2015
			(audited)	(audited)
		Employees as at reporting date (full-time equivalents)	48,556	51,492
		Business outlets	2,506	2,705
		This overview includes the following Alternative Performance Measures ("APM"):		
		<p>⁽¹⁾ NPL ratio and NPL coverage ratio "Total non-banks"; NPL ratio: Non-performing loans in relation to total loans and advances to customers; NPL coverage ratio: impairment losses on loans and advances to customers in relation to non-performing loans to customers.</p> <p>⁽²⁾ Net interest margin (average interest-bearing assets): Net interest income in relation to average interest-bearing assets.</p> <p>⁽³⁾ Return on the total equity including non-controlling interests, i.e. profit after tax in relation to average equity on the statement of financial position. Average equity is calculated on month-end figures including non-controlling interests and does not include current year profit.</p> <p>⁽⁴⁾ General administrative expenses in relation to operating income (less bank levies, impairments of goodwill, releases of negative goodwill and any non-recurring effects reported under sundry operating expenses).</p>		
		*) Figures restated in accordance with IAS 8.41		

Source: Annual Report 2016 (Audited consolidated financial statements of RBI for the fiscal year 2016)

Income Statement in EUR million	1-3/2017 (unaudited)	1-3/2016 (unaudited)
Net interest income	796	718
Net provisioning for impairment losses	(80)	(106)
Net interest income after provisioning	716	612
Net fee and commission income	409	347
Net trading income	64	28
Net income from derivatives and liabilities	8	(27)
Net income from financial investments	(32)	26
General administrative expenses	(815)	(718)
Profit/loss before tax	330	229
Profit/loss after tax	255	138
Consolidated profit/loss	220	114
Balance Sheet in EUR million	31/03/2017 (unaudited)	31/12/2016 (audited)
Equity	10,067	9,232
Total assets	138,489	111,864
Selected Key Ratios	31/03/2017 (unaudited)	31/12/2016 (audited)
NPL Ratio ⁽¹⁾	8.3 per cent	9.2 per cent
NPL Coverage Ratio ⁽¹⁾	74.0 per cent	75.6 per cent
Bank Specific Information	31/03/2017 (unaudited)	31/12/2016 (audited)
Common equity tier 1 ratio (transitional)	12.4 per cent	13.9 per cent
Common equity tier 1 ratio (fully loaded)	12.2 per cent	13.6 per cent
Total capital ratio (transitional)	17.0 per cent	19.2 per cent
Total capital ratio (fully loaded)	16.8 per cent	18.9 per cent
Performance	1-3/2017 (unaudited)	1-3/2016 (unaudited)
Net interest margin (average interest-bearing assets) ⁽²⁾	2.49 per cent	2.73 per cent
Return on equity before tax ⁽³⁾	13.4 per cent	10.8 per cent
Cost/income ratio ⁽⁴⁾	62.8 per cent	65.0 per cent
Earnings per share in EUR	0.67	0.39
Resources	31/03/2017 (unaudited)	31/12/2016 (audited)
Employees as at reporting date (full-time equivalents)	50,094	48,556
Business outlets	2,500	2,506

This overview includes the following Alternative Performance Measures ("APM"):

- (1) NPL ratio and NPL coverage ratio "Total non-banks"; NPL ratio: Non-performing loans in relation to total loans and advances to customers; NPL coverage ratio: impairment losses on loans and advances to customers in relation to non-performing loans to customers.
- (2) Net interest margin (average interest-bearing assets): Net interest income in relation to average interest-bearing assets.
- (3) Return on the total equity including non-controlling interests, i.e. profit after tax in relation to average equity on the statement of financial position. Average equity is calculated on month-end figures including non-controlling interests and does not include current year profit.
- (4) General administrative expenses in relation to operating income (less bank levies, impairments of goodwill, releases of negative goodwill and any non-recurring effects reported under sundry operating expenses).

Source: First Quarter Report 2017 (Unaudited consolidated financial statements of RBI for the first three months ended 31 March 2017) and Annual Report 2016 (Audited consolidated financial statements of RBI for the fiscal year 2016).

Income Statement in EUR million	1-6/2017 (reviewed)	1-6/2016 (reviewed)
Net interest income	1,588	1,455
Net provisioning for impairment losses	(76)	(403)
Net interest income after provisioning	1,512	1,052

		<table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>Net fee and commission income</td> <td>842</td> <td>719</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Net trading income</td> <td>133</td> <td>84</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Net income from derivatives and liabilities</td> <td>26</td> <td>(62)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Net income from financial investments</td> <td>(58)</td> <td>171</td> </tr> <tr> <td>General administrative expenses</td> <td>(1,573)</td> <td>(1,412)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Profit/loss before tax</td> <td>849</td> <td>450</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Profit/loss after tax</td> <td>656</td> <td>268</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Consolidated profit/loss</td> <td>587</td> <td>210</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Balance Sheet in EUR million</td> <td>30/06/2017</td> <td>31/12/2016</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>(reviewed)</td> <td>(audited)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Equity</td> <td>10,234</td> <td>9,232</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total assets</td> <td>138,603</td> <td>111,864</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Selected Key Ratios</td> <td>30/06/2017</td> <td>31/12/2016</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>(reviewed)</td> <td>(audited)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>NPL Ratio⁽¹⁾</td> <td>7.3 per cent</td> <td>9.2 per cent</td> </tr> <tr> <td>NPL Coverage Ratio⁽¹⁾</td> <td>70.5 per cent</td> <td>75.6 per cent</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bank Specific Information</td> <td>30/06/2017</td> <td>31/12/2016</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>(reviewed)</td> <td>(audited)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Common equity tier 1 ratio (transitional)</td> <td>12.9 per cent</td> <td>13.9 per cent</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Common equity tier 1 ratio (fully loaded)</td> <td>12.8 per cent</td> <td>13.6 per cent</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total capital ratio (transitional)</td> <td>17.5 per cent</td> <td>19.2 per cent</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total capital ratio (fully loaded)</td> <td>17.4 per cent</td> <td>18.9 per cent</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Performance</td> <td>1-6/2017</td> <td>1-6/2016</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>(reviewed)</td> <td>(reviewed)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Net interest margin (average interest-bearing assets)⁽²⁾</td> <td>2.46 per cent</td> <td>2.76 per cent</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Return on equity before tax⁽³⁾</td> <td>17.4 per cent</td> <td>10.6 per cent</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cost/income ratio⁽⁴⁾</td> <td>60.6 per cent</td> <td>61.8 per cent</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Earnings per share in EUR</td> <td>1.79</td> <td>0.72</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Resources</td> <td>30/06/2017</td> <td>31/12/2016</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>(reviewed)</td> <td>(audited)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Employees as at reporting date (full-time equivalents)</td> <td>49,688</td> <td>48,556</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Business outlets</td> <td>2,425</td> <td>2,506</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>This overview includes the following Alternative Performance Measures ("APM"):</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) NPL ratio and NPL coverage ratio "Total non-banks"; NPL ratio: Non-performing loans in relation to total loans and advances to customers; NPL coverage ratio: impairment losses on loans and advances to customers in relation to non-performing loans to customers. (2) Net interest margin (average interest-bearing assets): Net interest income in relation to average interest-bearing assets. (3) Return on the total equity including non-controlling interests, i.e. profit after tax in relation to average equity on the statement of financial position. Average equity is calculated on monthly figures including non-controlling interests and does not include current year profit. (4) General administrative expenses in relation to operating income (less bank levies, impairment of goodwill, releases of negative goodwill and any non-recurring effects reported under sundry operating expenses). <p>Source: Semi-Annual Financial Report as of 30 June 2017.</p>	Net fee and commission income	842	719	Net trading income	133	84	Net income from derivatives and liabilities	26	(62)	Net income from financial investments	(58)	171	General administrative expenses	(1,573)	(1,412)	Profit/loss before tax	849	450	Profit/loss after tax	656	268	Consolidated profit/loss	587	210	Balance Sheet in EUR million	30/06/2017	31/12/2016		(reviewed)	(audited)	Equity	10,234	9,232	Total assets	138,603	111,864	Selected Key Ratios	30/06/2017	31/12/2016		(reviewed)	(audited)	NPL Ratio ⁽¹⁾	7.3 per cent	9.2 per cent	NPL Coverage Ratio ⁽¹⁾	70.5 per cent	75.6 per cent	Bank Specific Information	30/06/2017	31/12/2016		(reviewed)	(audited)	Common equity tier 1 ratio (transitional)	12.9 per cent	13.9 per cent	Common equity tier 1 ratio (fully loaded)	12.8 per cent	13.6 per cent	Total capital ratio (transitional)	17.5 per cent	19.2 per cent	Total capital ratio (fully loaded)	17.4 per cent	18.9 per cent	Performance	1-6/2017	1-6/2016		(reviewed)	(reviewed)	Net interest margin (average interest-bearing assets) ⁽²⁾	2.46 per cent	2.76 per cent	Return on equity before tax ⁽³⁾	17.4 per cent	10.6 per cent	Cost/income ratio ⁽⁴⁾	60.6 per cent	61.8 per cent	Earnings per share in EUR	1.79	0.72	Resources	30/06/2017	31/12/2016		(reviewed)	(audited)	Employees as at reporting date (full-time equivalents)	49,688	48,556	Business outlets	2,425	2,506
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	<p>Statement that there has been no material adverse change in the prospects of the issuer since the date of its last published audited financial statements or a description of any material adverse change</p>	<p>There have been no material adverse changes in the prospects of RBI since 31 December 2016.</p>																																																																																																

	Significant changes in the financial or trading position of the Issuer	No significant changes in the financial or trading position of the Issuer have occurred since 30 June 2017.
B.13	Recent events particular to the issuer which are to a material extent relevant to the evaluation of the issuer's solvency	The Issuer is not aware of any recent events particular to the Issuer (i.e. occurring after the most recent published reviewed interim consolidated financial statements of the Issuer as of 30 June 2017) in the context of its business activities that are to a material extent relevant for the evaluation of its solvency.
B.14	Please read Element B.5 together with the information below.	
	Dependence upon other entities within the group	RBI is dependent on valuations of and dividends of its subsidiaries. RBI is further dependent on outsourced operations, in particular in the areas of back-office activities as well as IT.
B.15	The issuer's principal activities	The RBI Group is a universal banking group offering banking and financial products as well as services to retail and corporate customers, financial institutions and public sector entities predominantly in or with a connection to Austria and Central and Eastern Europe including Southeastern Europe ("CEE"). In CEE, RBI operates through a network of majority-owned subsidiary credit institutions, leasing companies and numerous specialized financial service providers. RBI Group's products and services include loans, deposits, payment and account services, credit and debit cards, leasing and factoring, asset management, distribution of insurance products, export and project financing, cash management, foreign exchange and fixed income products as well as investment banking services. Further on, RBI's specialist institutions provide Raiffeisen Banks and Raiffeisen Landesbanken with retail products for distribution.
B.16	Shareholdings and control	As of the date of the 3rd supplement to the Base Prospectus, the Raiffeisen Landesbanken acting in concert (§ 1 no. 6 Austrian Takeover Act) in relation to RBI, hold approximately 58.8 per cent. of the Issuer's issued shares. The remaining shares are held by the public (free float). The Raiffeisen Landesbanken are parties to a syndicate agreement regarding RBI, which includes a block voting agreement in relation to the agenda of the shareholders' meeting of RBI, nomination rights in relation to the Supervisory Board of RBI, preemption rights and a contractual restriction on sales of the RBI shares held by the Raiffeisen Landesbanken.

<p>B.17</p>	<p>Credit ratings assigned to the issuer or its debt securities</p>	<p>Credit ratings of the Issuer:</p> <p>The Issuer has obtained ratings for the Issuer from</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's")*; and • Standard & Poor's Credit Market Services Europe Limited ("S&P")*. <p>As of the date of the Base Prospectus such ratings are as follows:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="663 495 1394 775"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Moody's²</th> <th>S&P³</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Rating for long term obligations (senior)</td> <td>Baa1 / Outlook stable</td> <td>BBB+ / Outlook positive</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Rating for short term obligations (senior)</td> <td>P-2</td> <td>A-2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>*) Moody's Deutschland GmbH, An der Welle 5, 2nd Fl., 60322 Frankfurt, Germany, and</p> <p>Standard & Poor's Credit Market Services Europe Limited, London (Niederlassung Deutschland), 60311 Frankfurt am Main</p> <p>are established in the European Union, are registered under Regulation (EC) No. 1060/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on credit rating agencies, as amended (the "CRA-Regulation") and are included in the list of credit rating agencies registered in accordance with the CRA-Regulation published by the European Securities and Markets Authority on its website (www.esma.europa.eu/page/List-registered-and-certified-CRAs).</p> <p>Credit ratings of the Senior Notes:</p> <p>Not applicable. The Senior Notes to be issued are not expected to be rated.</p>		Moody's ²	S&P ³	Rating for long term obligations (senior)	Baa1 / Outlook stable	BBB+ / Outlook positive	Rating for short term obligations (senior)	P-2	A-2
	Moody's ²	S&P ³									
Rating for long term obligations (senior)	Baa1 / Outlook stable	BBB+ / Outlook positive									
Rating for short term obligations (senior)	P-2	A-2									

² Moody's appends long-term obligation ratings at the following levels: Aaa, Aa, A, Baa, Ba, B, Caa, Ca and C. To each generic rating category from Aa to Caa Moody's assigns the numerical modifiers "1", "2" and "3". The modifier "1" indicates that the bank is in the higher end of its letter-rating category, the modifier "2" indicates a mid-range ranking and the modifier "3" indicates that the bank is in the lower end of its letter-rating category. Moody's short-term ratings are opinions of the ability of issuers to honor short-term financial obligations and range from P-1, P-2, P-3 down to NP (Not Prime).

³ S&P assign long-term credit ratings on a scale from AAA (best quality, lowest risk of default), AA, A, BBB, BB, B, CCC, CC, C, SD to D (highest risk of default). The ratings from AA to CCC may be modified by the addition of a "+" or "-" to show the relative standing within the major rating categories. S&P may also offer guidance (termed a "credit watch") as to whether a rating is likely to be upgraded (positive), downgraded (negative) or uncertain (developing). S&P assigns short-term credit ratings for specific issues on a scale from A-1 (particularly high level of security), A-2, A-3, B, C, SD down to D (highest risk of default).

Section C – Securities

Element		
C.1	<p>Type and class of the securities, including any security identification number</p>	<p>Type of securities:</p> <p>The Senior Notes are debt instruments pursuant to §§ 793 et seqq. of the German Civil Code (<i>Bürgerliches Gesetzbuch – BGB</i>).</p> <p>Class of securities:</p> <p>The securities will be issued as</p> <p>Senior Notes with fixed interest component and a fixed Final Redemption Rate (the "Notes").</p> <p>Series: Raiffeisen Bank International Chinese Renminbi 4.00 per cent Fixed Rate Notes 2017-2020 / Series 129, Tranche 1</p> <p>Security Identification Number(s)</p> <p>ISIN: XS1678969954</p> <p>WKN: A19NS3</p> <p>Common Code: 167896995</p>
C.2	<p>Currency of the securities issue</p>	<p>The Notes are issued and denominated in Chinese Renminbi (also referred to as "CNY" or "Specified Currency").</p>
C.5	<p>Any restrictions on the free transferability of the securities</p>	<p>Not applicable. The Notes are freely transferable.</p>
C.8	<p>Rights attached to the securities, including ranking and limitations to those rights</p>	<p>Rights attached to the Notes</p> <p>Each Holder of the Senior Notes (the "Holder") has the right <i>vis-à-vis</i> the Issuer to claim payment of principal and interest when such payments are due in accordance with the conditions of the Senior Notes.</p>
		<p>Governing Law</p> <p>The Senior Notes are governed by German law.</p> <p>Redemption of the Notes</p> <p>Redemption at Maturity</p> <p>Unless previously redeemed the Senior Notes shall be redeemed at their Final Redemption Rate on 29 September 2020, (the "Maturity Date").</p> <p>Final Redemption Amount: 100 per cent of its principal amount</p> <p>Early Redemption for Reasons of Taxation</p> <p>Notes may, upon giving prior notice of Early Redemption for reasons of taxation, be declared repayable at the option of the Issuer in whole, but not</p>

		<p>in part, at their Early Redemption Rate, if as a result of any change in, or amendment to, the laws or regulations of the Republic of Austria or any political subdivision or taxing authority thereto or therein affecting taxation or the obligation to pay duties of any kind, or any change in, or amendment to, an official interpretation or application of such laws or regulations the Issuer is required to pay Additional Amounts.</p> <p>Early Redemption Rate: 100 per cent of its principal amount</p> <p>Interest payments on the Notes: Please see Element C.9 below.</p> <p>Ranking of the Notes (Status)</p> <p>The obligations under the Senior Notes constitute unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer ranking <i>pari passu</i> among themselves and <i>pari passu</i> with all other unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer except for any obligations preferred or subordinated by law.</p> <p>Limitations to rights attached to the Notes</p> <p>The presentation period provided in § 801 subparagraph 1 of the German Civil Code (<i>Bürgerliches Gesetzbuch</i>) ("BGB") in relation to the Notes is (i) thirty years in respect of principal and (ii) four years in respect of interest.</p>
C.9	<p>Please read Element C.8 together with the information below.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Nominal interest rate - Date from which interest becomes payable and the due dates for interest - Description of the underlying, if any - Maturity date and repayment procedures - Indication of yield 	<p>Interest</p> <p>The Senior Notes shall bear interest annually in arrear based on their principal amount from (and including) 29 September 2017 (the "Interest Commencement Date") to (but excluding) the last Coupon Date.</p> <p>The rate of interest is 4.00 per cent per annum.</p> <p>Indication of Yield</p> <p>The yield equals 4.00 per cent per annum based on the Initial Issue Price of 100.00 per cent on the first day of the offer (22 September 2017) and calculated on an annual basis in CNY.</p> <p>Derived from the Initial Issue Price of 100.00 per cent on the first day of the offer (22 September 2017) and calculated based on annual compounding and a Day Count Fraction of "Actual/Actual (ICMA), the Unified Yield Rate will be 4.00 per cent p.a.</p> <p>Final Redemption / Maturity Date</p> <p>Unless previously redeemed in whole or in part or purchased and cancelled, the Senior Notes shall be redeemed in whole on 29 September 2020.</p> <p>Fixed Final Redemption Rate: 100 per cent of its principal amount</p>

	Repayment Procedure	Payment of principal in respect of Notes shall be made in cash credited to the accounts of the Holders.
	Name of the representative of the Holders:	Not applicable. No common representative of the Holders is named in the conditions of the Senior Notes. The Holders may by majority resolution appoint a common representative.
C.10	Please read Element C.9 together with the information below.	
	Derivative component in interest payment, if any	Not applicable, there is no derivative component in the interest payment.
C.11	Application for admission to trading (regulated market or other equivalent markets)	Application will be made to admit these Notes to be issued under the Programme to trading on the regulated market (Geregelter Freiverkehr) of following stock exchange(s): Vienna Stock Exchange.

Section D – Risks

Element		
D.2	Key risks that are specific to the issuer	<p><u>A. Risks relating to the Issuer</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. RBI Group has been and may continue to be adversely affected by the global financial and economic crisis including the Eurozone (sovereign) debt crisis, the risk of one or more countries leaving the European Union or the Eurozone and the difficult macroeconomic and market environment and may further be required to make impairments on its exposures. 2. RBI Group operates in several markets which are partially characterised by an increased risk of unpredictable political, economic, legal and social changes and related risks, such as exchange rate volatility, exchange controls/restrictions, regulatory changes, inflation, economic recession, local market disruptions, labour market tensions, ethnic conflicts and economic disparity. 3. Any further appreciation of the value of any currency in which foreign-currency loans are denominated against CEE currencies or even a continuing high value of such a currency would deteriorate the quality of foreign currency loans which RBI Group has granted to customers in CEE and also raises the risk of new legislation as well as regulatory and/or tax measures detrimental to RBI Group. 4. Still developing legal and taxation systems in some of the countries in which RBI Group operates may have a material adverse effect on the Issuer. 5. In certain of its markets, RBI Group is exposed to a heightened risk of government intervention. 6. RBI Group's liquidity and profitability would be significantly adversely affected should RBI Group be unable to access the capital markets, to raise deposits, sell assets on favourable terms, or if there is a strong increase in its funding costs (liquidity risk). 7. Any deterioration, suspension or withdrawal of one or more of the credit ratings of RBI or of a member of the RBI Group could result in increased funding costs, may damage customer perception and may have other material adverse effects on RBI Group. 8. RBI Group's business and results of operations have been, and may continue to be, significantly adversely affected by market risk including changes in the levels of market volatility. 9. Hedging measures might prove to be ineffective. When entering into unhedged positions, RBI Group is directly exposed to the risk of changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates or prices of financial instruments. 10. Decreasing interest rate margins may have a material adverse effect on RBI Group. 11. RBI Group has suffered and could continue to suffer losses as a result of the actions of or deterioration in the commercial soundness of its borrowers, counterparties and other financial services institutions (credit risk / counterparty risk). 12. RBI Group is subject to concentration risk with respect to geographic regions and client sectors. 13. Adverse movements and volatility in foreign exchange rates had and could continue to have an adverse effect on the valuation of RBI

		<p>Group's assets and on RBI Group's financial condition, results of operations, cash flows and capital adequacy.</p> <p>14. Risk of disadvantages for RBI due to its membership in Raiffeisen Customer Guarantee Scheme Austria.</p> <p>15. The Issuer is obliged to contribute amounts to the Single Resolution Fund and to ex ante financed funds of the deposit guarantee schemes; this results in additional financial burdens for the Issuer and thus, adversely affects the financial position of the Issuer and the results of its business, financial condition and results of operations.</p> <p>16. RBI is exposed to risks due to its interconnectedness concerning the Institutional Protection Scheme ("Bundes-IPS").</p> <p>17. RBI Group may be required to participate in or finance governmental support programs for credit institutions or finance governmental budget consolidation programmes, including through the introduction of banking taxes and other levies.</p> <p>18. New governmental or regulatory requirements and changes in perceived levels of adequate capitalisation and leverage could lead to increased capital requirements and reduced profitability for RBI Group.</p> <p>19. Adjustments to the business profile of RBI or RBI Group may lead to changes in its profitability.</p> <p>20. Compliance with applicable rules and regulations, in particular on anti-money laundering and anti-terrorism financing, anti-corruption and fraud prevention, sanctions, tax as well as capital markets (securities and stock exchange related), involve significant costs and efforts and non-compliance may have severe legal and reputational consequences for RBI.</p> <p>21. RBI's ability to fulfil its obligations under the Notes depends in particular on its financial strength which in turn is influenced by its profitability. The following factors may adversely affect RBI's profitability: Consumer Protection, Project Risk, Group Cross Default Clauses, RBI's Capital Market Dependence, RBI Group's Customer Deposits Dependence, Collateral Eligibility Criteria, Deteriorating Assets Valuations and Impairment of Collateral, Competition, Operational Risk, M&A Risks, Litigation, Risk Management, IT Systems, Conflicts of Interest, Participation Risk, Capital Risk.</p>
D.3	Key risks that are specific to the securities	<p>B. Risks relating to the Notes</p> <p>Notes may not be a suitable investment for all investors.</p> <p>A potential investor should not invest in Notes that are complex financial Notes unless the investor has the expertise (either alone or based on the advice provided by its trusted financial consultant) to evaluate how the Notes will perform under changing conditions, the resulting effects on the value of the Notes and the impact this investment will have on the potential investor's overall investment portfolio.</p> <p>Issuer risk</p> <p> Holders of the Notes are exposed to the risk of the Issuer becoming either temporarily or permanently insolvent / unable to pay its debt when it falls due.</p> <p>The Holders of the Notes are exposed to the risk that RBI faces no limitation on issuing further debt instruments or incurring further liabilities.</p> <p>The Notes may be subject to write-down or conversion powers exercised</p>

by a resolution authority resulting in (i) the amount outstanding to be reduced, including to zero, (ii) a conversion into ordinary shares or other instruments of ownership or (iii) the terms of the Notes being varied (statutory loss absorption).

The Notes may be subject to other resolution powers which may result in the non-payment of interest and/or non-repayment.

The Holders of the Notes are exposed to the risk that in an insolvency of RBI deposits have a higher ranking than their claims under the Notes.

Ratings of the Notes, if any, may not reflect all risks – rating of the Notes may be subject to change at all times.

Liquidity risk

No assurance can be given that any liquid secondary market for the Notes will develop or, if it does develop, that it will continue. In an illiquid market, an investor might not be able to sell its Notes at any given time at fair market prices. The possibility to sell the Notes might additionally be restricted by country specific reasons.

Market price risk

The Holder of Notes is exposed to the risk of an unfavourable development of market prices of its Notes which materialises if the Holder sells the Notes prior to the final maturity of such Notes. In such event, the Holder may only be able to reinvest on less favourable conditions as compared to the original investment.

Risk of early redemption

If the Issuer has the right to redeem the Notes prior to maturity or if the Notes are redeemed prior to maturity due to the occurrence of an event set out in the conditions of the Notes, a Holder of such Notes is exposed to the risk that due to early redemption its investment will have a lower than expected yield. Also, the Holder may only be able to reinvest on less favourable conditions as compared to the original investment.

Currency risk

Holders of Notes denominated in a foreign currency are exposed to the risk of changes in currency exchange rates and the introduction of exchange controls.

Fixed Rate Notes

A Holder of Fixed Rate Notes is exposed to the risk that the price of such Notes falls as a result of changes in the Market Interest Rate.

The Notes are not covered by the statutory deposit guarantee scheme.

Resolutions of Holders - Risks in connection with the application of the German Act on Issues of Debt Securities (Gesetz über Schuldverschreibungen aus Gesamtemissionen)

If the Terms and Conditions provide for resolutions of Holders, either to be passed in a meeting of Holders or by vote taken without a meeting, thus, a Holder is subject to the risk of being outvoted by a majority resolution of the Holders. As resolutions properly adopted are binding on all Holders, certain rights of such Holder against the Issuer under the conditions of the Notes may be amended or reduced or even cancelled.

Holders' Representative

The Terms and Conditions provide for the appointment of a Holders' Representative; thus it is possible that a Holder may be deprived of its individual right to pursue and enforce its rights under the Terms and Conditions against the Issuer, such right passing to the Holders' Representative who is then exclusively responsible to claim and enforce the rights of all Holders.

An Austrian court can appoint a trustee (Kurator) for the Notes to exercise the rights and represent the interests of Holders on their behalf in which case the ability of Holders to pursue their rights under the Notes individually may be limited

A trustee may be appointed by an Austrian court for the purposes of representing the common interests of the Holders in matters concerning their collective rights, which may act to the disadvantage of individual or all Holders.

Because the Global Notes in most cases are held by or on behalf of a Clearing System, investors will have to rely on their procedures for transfer, payment and communication with the Issuer

Investors will be able to trade their beneficial interests only through the Clearing System and the Issuer will discharge its payment obligations under the Notes by making payments to the Clearing System for distribution to their account holders.

Reduced yield caused by transaction costs and depositary fees

A Holder's actual yield on the Notes may be significantly reduced from the stated yield by transaction costs and depositary fees.

Margin lending

If a loan is used to finance the acquisition of the Notes and the Notes subsequently go into default, or if the trading price diminishes significantly, the Holder not only has to face a potential loss on its investment, but it will also still have to repay the loan and pay distribution thereon.

Risk of potential conflicts of interest

Certain of the Dealers and their affiliates have engaged, and may in the future engage, in investment banking and/or commercial banking transactions and may perform services for the Issuer and its affiliates in the ordinary course of business.

Change of law

There can be no assurance given as to the impact of any possible change to German or Austrian law or any European laws having direct application in Germany and/or Austria. Such changes in law may include, but are not limited to, the introduction of a new regime enabling the competent authorities in Austria to cause Holders to share in the losses of the Issuer under certain circumstances.

Tax impact of the investment

An effective yield on the Notes may be diminished by the tax impact on an investment in the Notes.

Proposed EU Financial Transaction Tax

In case the contemplated Financial Transaction Tax will be implemented,

sale and purchase of the Notes may constitute taxable transactions.

Payments on the Notes may be subject to EU Savings Tax Directive – no gross-up

If a payment were /is to be made or collected through a paying agent in a state which has adopted for a withholding system and an amount of, or in respect of tax, were / is to be withheld from that payment, neither the Issuer nor any paying agent nor any other intermediary / person would be obliged to pay additional amounts with respect to any Notes as a result of the mandatory withholding / imposition of such tax (no gross-up).

U.S. Withholding Tax under FATCA

In certain circumstances a portion of payments made on or with respect to the Notes may be subject to U.S. reporting obligations which, if not satisfied, may require U.S. tax to be withheld.

Specific risks for Notes denominated in Renminbi

- ***Renminbi is not freely convertible; there are significant restrictions on remittance of the Renminbi into and outside the People's Republic of China***

Renminbi is not freely convertible at present.

- ***There is only limited availability of Renminbi outside the PRC, which may affect the liquidity of the Notes and the Issuer's ability to source Renminbi outside the PRC to service the Notes***

As a result of the restrictions by the PRC government on cross-border Renminbi fund flows, the availability of Renminbi outside of the PRC is limited. This may affect the liquidity of the Notes and the Issuer's ability to source Renminbi to service the Notes.

- ***Investment in the Renminbi Notes is subject to the risk to receive payments in USD (U.S. Dollar Equivalent)***

Under certain circumstances the Issuer is entitled to settle any payment under the Notes (in whole or in part) in U.S. dollars.

- ***Investment in Renminbi Notes is subject to exchange rate risks***

The value of the Renminbi against the euro and other foreign currencies fluctuates from time to time and is affected by changes in the PRC, by international political and economic conditions and by many other factors. The value of these Renminbi payments of interest and principal in euro or other applicable foreign currencies may vary with the prevailing exchange rates.

- ***Investment in Renminbi Notes is subject to interest rate risks***

In addition, further liberalisation of interest rates by the PRC government may increase interest rate volatility and the trading price of Notes may vary with the fluctuations in the Renminbi interest rates.

- ***Payments in respect of the Notes will only be made to investors in the manner specified in the Notes***

All payments to holders of interests in respect of the Notes will be made solely by (i) when the Notes are represented by the

		<p>global note, transfer to a Renminbi bank account maintained in Hong Kong, in accordance with prevailing rules and procedures of the relevant clearing system or (ii) when the Notes are in definitive registered form, transfer to a Renminbi bank account maintained in Hong Kong in accordance with prevailing rules and regulations. Neither the Issuer nor the fiscal agent, nor the paying agent can be required to make payment by any other means (including bank notes, by cheque or draft, or by transfer to a bank account in the PRC).</p>
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Section E – Offer

Element		
E.2b	Reasons for the offer, use of proceeds, estimated net proceeds	<p>The reasons for the offer and the use of proceeds are as follows:</p> <p>The reasons for the offer are to generate funding, to hedge certain risks or to take advantage of current market opportunities (arbitrage).</p> <p>The net proceeds will be used for general funding within the normal business of the Issuer and RBI Group companies, for hedging transactions or for arbitrage business.</p> <p>Estimated net proceeds: up to CNY 300,000,000</p>
E.3	Conditions of the offer	<p>Conditions of the offer are as follows:</p> <p>Selling Restrictions:</p> <p>Public Offering in the Republic of Austria, in the Federal Republic of Germany, in the Czech Republic, in the Slovak Republic, in Hungary and in Poland</p> <p>In the case of a public offer of the Notes in one or more further jurisdictions at a later point of time, the respective Final Terms produced for such public offer or offers would be published on the Issuer’s website under http://investor.rbinternational.com under “Information for Debt Investors”.</p> <p><i>The distribution of this information may be prohibited in other jurisdictions or may be subject to legal restrictions. Persons having gained access to this information are strictly required to observe applicable local regulations and adhere to potential legal restrictions. Under no circumstances may this information be distributed or offered in the United States of America / to U.S. persons and in the United Kingdom.</i></p> <p>Public Offer Period: starting as of 22 September 2017 in the Republic of Austria, in the Federal Republic of Germany, in the Czech Republic, in the Slovak Republic, in Hungary and in Poland</p> <p>Initial Issue Date: 29 September 2017</p> <p>Initial Issue Price: 100.00 per cent of the principal amount on the first day of the offer (22 September 2017); thereafter further issue prices will be determined based on market conditions. For subscriptions which will be settled after the Initial Value Date accrued interest will have to be paid by the investor.</p> <p>The respective issue prices will be available from the respective Specifically Authorised Offerors on request.</p> <p>Maximum Issue Price: 105 per cent</p> <p>Listing Agent: Raiffeisen Bank International AG Am Stadtpark 9 A-1030 Vienna Austria</p> <p>Fiscal Agent: Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft Taunusanlage 12</p>

		<p>60325 Frankfurt am Main Germany</p> <p>Paying Agent: Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft Taunusanlage 12 60325 Frankfurt am Main Germany</p> <p>Calculation Agent: Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft Taunusanlage 12 60325 Frankfurt am Main Germany</p>
E.4	Any interest that is material to the issue/offer including conflicting interests	So far as the Issuer is aware, no person involved in the offer of the Notes is subject to any conflict of interest material to the Notes and/or the offer.
E.7	Estimated expenses charged to the investor by the issuer or the offeror	<p>Not applicable; the Issuer itself does not charge any expenses. However, other costs such as deposit fees might be charged.</p> <p>In case of subscriptions via financial intermediaries (which means the Specifically Authorised Offerors) purchase fees, selling fees, conversion fees and depositary fees charged by the financial intermediaries and depositary banks are to be expected.</p>