

First Supplement dated 08 November 2017

to the Debt Issuance Programme Prospectus dated 13 October 2017
relating to the EUR 25,000,000,000 Debt Issuance Programme

This document constitutes a supplement (the "First Supplement") for the purpose of Art. 16 of the Directive 2003/71/EC of the European Parliament and the Council of 4 November 2003, as amended (the "Prospectus Directive") as well as Article 13 of Chapter 1 of Part II of the Luxembourg law dated 10 July 2005 on prospectuses for securities, as amended (Loi relative aux prospectus pour valeurs mobilières, the "Luxembourg Prospectus Law"), to the two base prospectuses for securities relating to the EUR 25,000,000,000 Debt Issuance Programme for the issue of Notes of Raiffeisen Bank International AG (the "Issuer" or "RBI"): (i) the base prospectus in respect of non-equity securities within the meaning of Art. 22 No. 6 (4) of the Commission Regulation (EC) No. 809/2004 of 29 April 2004, as amended ("Prospectus Regulation") and (ii) the base prospectus in respect of covered notes (non-equity securities within the meaning of Art. 22 No. 6(3) of the Prospectus Regulation) (the two base prospectuses together, the "Original Base Prospectus"). The Original Base Prospectus together with this First Supplement is hereinafter referred to as the "Base Prospectus".



Raiffeisen Bank International

RAIFFEISEN BANK INTERNATIONAL AG

EUR 25,000,000,000 Debt Issuance Programme

for the issue of Notes

This First Supplement is supplemental to, and should only be distributed and read together with, the Original Base Prospectus. Terms defined in the Original Base Prospectus have the same meaning when used in this First Supplement. To the extent that there is any inconsistency between (a) any statement in this First Supplement and (b) any other statement prior to the date of this First Supplement, the statements in (a) will prevail.

This First Supplement has been approved by the *Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier* (the "CSSF") and will be published in electronic form on the website of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange (www.bourse.lu) and on the website of Raiffeisen Bank International AG (www.rbinternational.com).

Raiffeisen Bank International AG has requested the CSSF in its capacity as competent authority under the Luxembourg Prospectus Law to approve this First Supplement and to provide the competent authorities in Germany, Austria, the Czech Republic, Slovakia, Poland, Hungary and Romania with a certificate of approval (a "Notification") attesting that this First Supplement has been drawn up in accordance with the Luxembourg Prospectus Law which implements the Prospectus Directive into Luxembourg law. The Issuer may request the CSSF to provide competent authorities in additional Member States within the European Economic Area with a Notification.

By approving this First Supplement, the CSSF shall give no undertaking as to the economic and financial soundness of the operation or the quality or solvency of the Issuer in line with the provisions of article 7 (7) of the Luxembourg Prospectus Law.

The Issuer is solely responsible for the information given in this First Supplement. The Issuer hereby declares, having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case, that to the best of its knowledge, the information contained in this First Supplement is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information.

No person has been authorised to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in the Original Base Prospectus or this First Supplement in connection with the issue or sale of the Notes and, if given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the Issuer, the Dealers or any of them.

This First Supplement does not constitute an offer of, or an invitation by or on behalf of the Issuer or the Dealers to subscribe for, or purchase, any Notes.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 16 PARAGRAPH 2 OF THE PROSPECTUS DIRECTIVE AND WITH ARTICLE 13 PARAGRAPH 2 OF THE LUXEMBOURG PROSPECTUS LAW, WHERE THE PROSPECTUS RELATES TO AN OFFER OF SECURITIES TO THE PUBLIC, INVESTORS WHO HAVE ALREADY AGREED TO PURCHASE OR SUBSCRIBE FOR ANY NOTES BEFORE THIS FIRST SUPPLEMENT IS PUBLISHED HAVE THE RIGHT, EXERCISABLE WITHIN TWO WORKING DAYS AFTER THE PUBLICATION OF THIS FIRST SUPPLEMENT, I.E. UNTIL 10 NOVEMBER 2017, TO WITHDRAW THEIR ACCEPTANCES, PROVIDED THAT THE NEW FACTOR, MISTAKE OR INACCURACY AROSE BEFORE THE FINAL CLOSING OF THE OFFER TO THE PUBLIC AND THE DELIVERY OF THE NOTES.

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SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Part A – Amendments to the section SUMMARY (English language version)

- 1) On page 23 of the Original Base Prospectus, in the section "Credit ratings assigned to the issuer or its debt securities" in the "SUMMARY", "Section B", Element "[B.17]", the existing table below the sentence "As of the date of the Base Prospectus such ratings are as follows: " and above "*) Moody's Deutschland GmbH,..." shall be deleted and replaced by the following table:

"

	Moody's ²	S&P ³
Rating for long term obligations (senior)	A3 / Outlook stable	BBB+ / Outlook positive
Rating for short term obligations (senior)	P-2	A-2

"

² Moody's appends long-term obligation ratings at the following levels: Aaa, Aa, A, Baa, Ba, B, Caa, Ca and C. To each generic rating category from Aa to Caa Moody's assigns the numerical modifiers "1", "2" and "3". The modifier "1" indicates that the bank is in the higher end of its letter-rating category, the modifier "2" indicates a mid-range ranking and the modifier "3" indicates that the bank is in the lower end of its letter-rating category. Moody's short-term ratings are opinions of the ability of issuers to honor short-term financial obligations and range from P-1, P-2, P-3 down to NP (Not Prime).

³ S&P assign long-term credit ratings on a scale from AAA (best quality, lowest risk of default), AA, A, BBB, BB, B, CCC, CC, C, SD to D (highest risk of default). The ratings from AA to CCC may be modified by the addition of a "+" or "-" to show the relative standing within the major rating categories. S&P may also offer guidance (termed a "credit watch") as to whether a rating is likely to be upgraded (positive), downgraded (negative) or uncertain (developing). S&P assigns short-term credit ratings for specific issues on a scale from A-1 (particularly high level of security), A-2, A-3, B, C, SD down to D (highest risk of default).

Part B – Amendments to the section GERMAN TRANSLATION OF THE SUMMARY

- 3) On page 85 of the Original Base Prospectus, in the section "**Kreditratings der Emittentin und ihrer Schuldtitel**" in the German translation of the Summary "**ZUSAMMENFASSUNG**", "**Abschnitt B**", **Element "[B.17]**", the existing table below the sentence "Zum Datum des Basisprospekts sind diese Ratings wie folgt: "shall be deleted and replaced by the following table:

"

	Moody's²	S&P³
Rating für langfristige Verbindlichkeiten (senior)	A3 / Ausblick: stabil	BBB+ / Ausblick: positiv
Rating für kurzfristige Verbindlichkeiten (senior)	P-2	A-2

"

² Moody's vergibt langfristige Ratings anhand der folgenden Skala: Aaa, Aa, A, Baa, Ba, B, Caa, Ca und C. Jeder allgemeinen Ratingkategorie von Aa bis Caa weist Moody's die numerischen Modifikatoren "1", "2" und "3" zu. Der Modifikator "1" zeigt an, dass die Bank am oberen Ende ihrer Buchstaben-Ratingklasse steht, der Modifikator "2" steht für ein mittleres Ranking und der Modifikator "3" zeigt an, dass die Bank sich am unteren Ende ihrer Buchstaben-Ratingklasse befindet. Die kurzfristigen Ratings von Moody's stellen eine Einschätzung der Fähigkeit des Emittenten dar, kurzfristigen finanziellen Verpflichtungen nachzukommen, und reichen von P-1, P-2, P-3 bis hinunter zu NP (Not Prime).

³ S&P vergibt langfristige Bonitätsratings anhand der folgenden Skala: AAA (beste Qualität, geringstes Ausfallrisiko), AA, A, BBB, BB, B, CCC, CC, C, SD bis D (höchstes Ausfallrisiko). Die Ratings von AA bis CCC können durch ein "+" oder "-" modifiziert werden, um die relative Position innerhalb der Hauptratingklasse anzugeben. S&P kann darüber hinaus eine Einschätzung (genannt *Credit Watch*) abgeben, ob ein Rating in naher Zukunft voraussichtlich ein Upgrade (positiv) erhält, ein Downgrade (negativ) erhält oder ob die Tendenz ungewiss ist (developing). S&P weist spezifischen Emissionen kurzfristige Ratings auf einer Skala von A-1 (besonders hoher Grad an Sicherheit), A-2, A-3, B, C, SD bis hinab zu D (höchstes Ausfallrisiko) zu.

Part C – Amendments to the section GENERAL INFORMATION

- 4) On page 683 of the Original Base Prospectus, in the chapter "GENERAL INFORMATION", in the section "Credit Ratings", the existing table below the sentence "As of the date of this Base Prospectus such ratings are as follows: " and above "(*) Moody's Deutschland GmbH,..." shall be deleted and replaced by the following table:

"

	Moody's ⁴⁷	S&P ⁴⁸
Rating for long term obligations (senior)	A3 / Outlook stable	BBB+ / Outlook positive
Rating for short term obligations (senior)	P-2	A-2

"

⁴⁷ Moody's appends long-term obligation ratings at the following levels: Aaa, Aa, A, Baa, Ba, B, Caa, Ca and C. To each generic rating category from Aa to Caa Moody's assigns the numerical modifiers "1", "2" and "3". The modifier "1" indicates that the bank is in the higher end of its letter-rating category, the modifier "2" indicates a mid-range ranking and the modifier "3" indicates that the bank is in the lower end of its letter-rating category. Moody's short-term ratings are opinions of the ability of issuers to honor short-term financial obligations and range from P-1, P-2, P-3 down to NP (Not Prime).

⁴⁸ S&P assign long-term credit ratings on a scale from AAA (best quality, lowest risk of default), AA, A, BBB, BB, B, CCC, CC, C, SD to D (highest risk of default). The ratings from AA to CCC may be modified by the addition of a "+" or "-" to show the relative standing within the major rating categories. S&P may also offer guidance (termed a "credit watch") as to whether a rating is likely to be upgraded (positive), downgraded (negative) or uncertain (developing). S&P assigns short-term credit ratings for specific issues on a scale from A-1 (particularly high level of security), A-2, A-3, B, C, SD down to D (highest risk of default).